

Montclair State University Digital Commons

Sigma Xi Student Research Symposium

2019

Apr 27th, 9:30 AM - 10:44 AM

Strategic Analysis of New Jersey's LSRP Program by Applying a Combined SWOT-AHP Technique

Robert Oleksy

Montclair State University, oleksyr1@montclair.edu

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.montclair.edu/sigma-xi

Part of the Environmental Health and Protection Commons, and the Natural Resources Management and Policy Commons

Oleksy, Robert, "Strategic Analysis of New Jersey's LSRP Program by Applying a Combined SWOT-AHP Technique" (2019). *Sigma Xi Student Research Symposium*. 16. https://digitalcommons.montclair.edu/sigma-xi/2019/poster-1/16

This Presentation is brought to you for free and open access by the Conferences, Symposia and Events at Montclair State University Digital Commons. It has been accepted for inclusion in Sigma Xi Student Research Symposium by an authorized administrator of Montclair State University Digital Commons. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@montclair.edu.



Strategic Analysis of New Jersey's LSRP Program by Applying a Combined SWOT-AHP Technique

Dissertation Committee:

Dr. Pankaj Lal (Chair)

Dr. Robert Taylor

Dr. Lisa Anne Zilney

Dr. Jorge Berkowitz



"When we see land as a community to which we belong, we may begin to use it with love and respect."

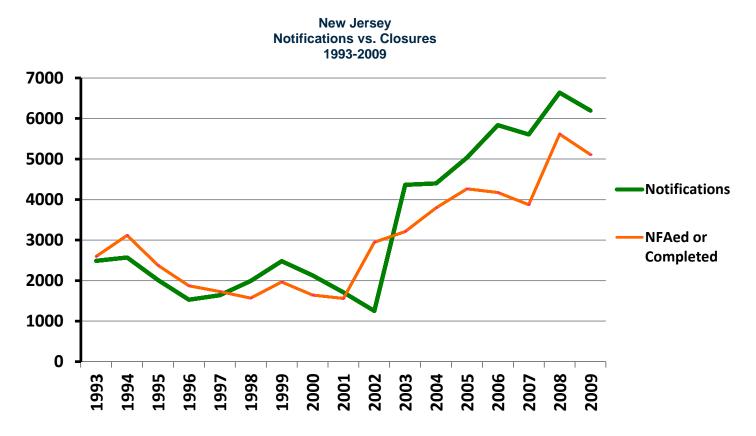
Aldo Leopold

3



Problem:

• New Jersey Department of Environmental Protect was not able to handle the amounts of current and potential influx of new sites in need of remediation. ~20,000 open sites in system.



Source: Data from "NJDEP Known Contaminated Sites in New Jersey Reports"



Need for change:

- 2006: ~20,000 open sites / Accutherm
- Site Remediation Reform Act (SRRA) 2009 All sites must be under a Licensed Site Remediation Professional (LSRP) by May 7, 2012
- SRRA 2.0 2019
- Determine the hierarchy of the Strength, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats of the privatization of the New Jersey remediation program.

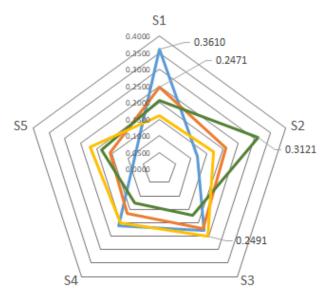


_			

SWOT factors and their priority and overall priority scores								
		Factors price	ority scores		Overall priority scores			
Strengths	GLE	ВТО	NGO	LSRP	GLE	ВТО	NGO	LSRP
S1: LSRPs ability to use Professional Judgment	0.3610	0.2471	0.2050	0.1597	1.8048	1.2357	1.0252	0.7983
S2: Requiring the LSRP to comply with a strict "Code of Conduct"	0.1195	0.2090	0.3121	0.1702	0.5974	1.0449	1.5603	0.8511
S3: Ability for LSRPs to network ideas through organizations such as the LSRPA	0.2300	0.2224	0.1712	0.2491	1.1499	1.1122	0.8559	1.2456
S4: Ability for the LSRPs to quickly adapt to changes in guidance	0.2091	0.1639	0.1270	0.2019	1.0455	0.8194	0.6351	1.0095
S5: Having the LSRPs "Code of Conduct" as part of a law	0.0805	0.1576	0.1847	0.2191	0.4023	0.7878	0.9236	1.0955

Strengths

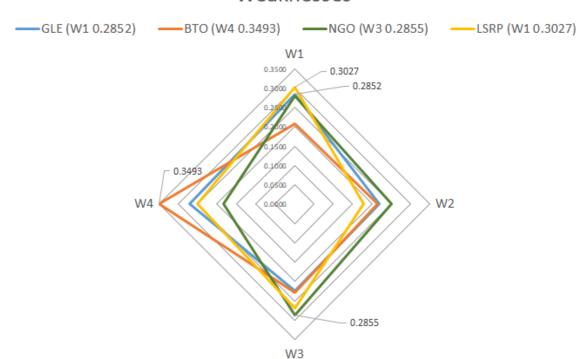






SWOT factors and their priority and overall priority scores									
		Factors price	ority scores		Overall priority scores				
Weaknesses	GLE	вто	NGO	LSRP	GLE	вто	NGO	LSRP	
W1: The amount of Internal NJDEP resources to handle workloads	0.2852	0.2076	0.2799	0.3027	1.1406	0.8306	1.1196	1.2109	
W2: Holding the LSRP liable for the site	0.2186	0.2146	0.2510	0.1785	0.8743	0.8585	1.0041	0.7139	
W3: Conflicts between multiple LSRPs in rendering mutual agreeable judgments	0.2247	0.2285	0.2855	0.2683	0.8987	0.9139	1.1419	1.0733	
W4: Requiring the setting aside monies used for institutional and engineering controls in escrow in perpetuity, instead of having the ability to invest and potentially earning money	0.2716	0.3493	0.1836	0.2505	1.0864	1.3970	0.7344	1.0019	

Weaknesses

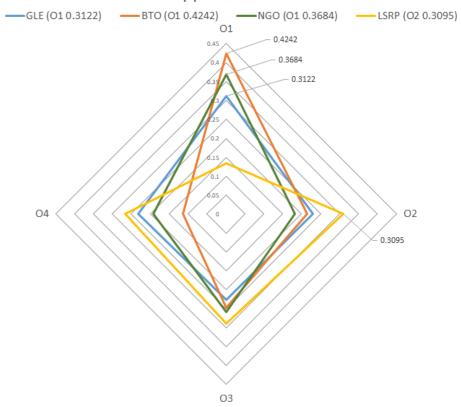




7

SWOT factors and their priority and overall priority scores									
		Factors priority scores			Overall priority scores				
Opportunities	GLE	GLE BTO NGO LSRP			GLE	ВТО	NGO	LSRP	
O1: The ability to incorporate inputs from groups such as Non Governmental Organizations, Business and Industry Groups, and Local Communities	0.3122	0.4242	0.3684	0.1349	1.2490	1.6967	1.4735	0.5394	
O2: The ability to reuse remediated materials for beneficial use	0.2291	0.2144	0.181	0.3095	0.9165	0.8576	0.7241	1.2379	
O3: Escalated remediation schedules	0.2266	0.2472	0.2592	0.2894	0.9064	0.9888	1.0367	1.1574	
O4: Flexibility of LSRP to adapt	0.232	0.1142	0.1914	0.2663	0.9281	0.4569	0.7657	1.0653	

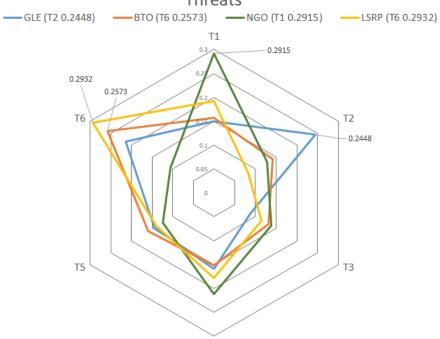
Opportunities



R	
	2

SWOT factors and their priority and overall priority scores									
		Factors price	ority scores			Overall prid	ority scores		
Threats	GLE	вто	NGO	LSRP	GLE	вто	NGO	LSRP	
T1: Misperception of the general public of an LSRP exercising "Professional Judgment" leading to a site being "Protective of human health and safety and of the environment	0.1495	0.1573	0.2915	0.1921	0.8972	0.9438	1.7492	1.1527	
T2: Ability for the NJDEP to overturn a rendered LSRP judgment, due to political pressures	0.2448	0.1413	0.1288	0.0821	1.4690	0.8476	0.7729	0.4927	
T3: Owners unable to cleanup their sites do to financial burdens beyond their ability to remediate, turning properties into orphan sites	0.0881	0.1316	0.1383	0.1149	0.5286	0.7893	0.8295	0.6893	
T4: Changes to the markets' focusing away from the redevelopment of contaminated properties	0.1594	0.1523	0.2113	0.1778	0.9562	0.9139	1.2676	1.0670	
T5: Retroactive affects due to standard changes	0.1442	0.1602	0.1243	0.1399	0.8652	0.9613	0.7456	0.8393	
T6: Ability to improve the analytical detection limits used to quantify target compounds	0.214	0.2573	0.1058	0.2932	1.2839	1.5440	0.6351	1.7590	

Threats



T4



NJ - LSRP outcomes since program inception:

- Total Number of LSRP's: 707
- Total Number of Active LSRP cases in the Site Remediation Program: 15,372
- Total Number of active cases: 16,709
- Total Number of Response Action Outcomes (RAO) issued: 11,371



Acknowledgments

Dr. Dibyendu Sarkar

Dr. Pricila Iranah

Dr. Puneet Dwivedi

191 SWOT-AHP Survey Respondents





